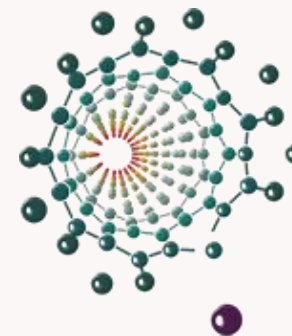




BioScope Labs

A peek into **BioScope** Labs Consortium

“If free radicals are involved, EPR resolves”



University of Belgrade
Faculty of Physical Chemistry

Miloš Mojović

milos@ffh.bg.ac.rs

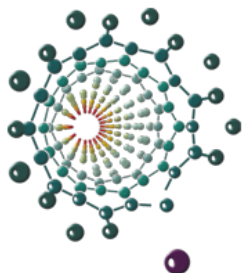


University of Belgrade
Faculty of Physical Chemistry
Center for Physical Chemistry of Biological Systems

BioScope Labs

www.bioscope.ffh.bg.ac.rs

Who are we?



University of Belgrade

Faculty of Physical Chemistry



www.ffh.bg.ac.rs

Part of the University of Belgrade

116 – years old tradition

BSc | MSc | PhD | studies
Students (500) | Teaching staff (40)

**The influence on the Shanghai
position of the University of Belgrade**

According to the analysis of the impact of individual faculties on the achieved Shanghai position using the "PROMETHEE-GAIA" method, the Faculty of Physical Chemistry is on the first place according to the criteria: the number of citations per researcher, the number of citations and the number of papers per researcher, as well as in the final ranking by the PROMETHEE II method

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What is BioScope?



Laboratory for
magnetic resonance

EPR
MRI
NMR



Laboratory for
molecular
spectrometry

UV/VIS
FTIR
RAMAN



Laboratory for
nuclear spectrometry

α
 β
 γ



Laboratory for
computational
chemistry

GAUSSIAN
MCTDH
QTAIM



Laboratory for
nonlinear dynamics

Oscillatory
reactions
Modelling



Laboratory for
bioelectrochemistry

Biosensors
Biomaterials
Redox lab



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What is EPR?



- **EPR** is a magnetic resonance technique that detects unpaired electrons in paramagnetic substances.
- Unpaired electrons occur in **free radicals** and many transition metals.
- Radicals can provoke damage to DNA, proteins, and cell membranes, and are related to many pathophysiological conditions.
- EPR is the **only technique** that unambiguously detects free radicals.
- EPR has number of applications:

Medicine

Pharmacy

Biology

Agriculture

Food science

Physiology

Materials science

Physics

Chemistry

Biochemistry





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EPR methods



EPR spin-trapping

- Detecting short-lived radicals $\cdot\text{OH}$, $\cdot\text{O}_2^-$, $\text{NO}\cdot$... (oxidative stress, sepsis ...)
- We always search for new ST formulations (e.g. for *in vivo* applications)

EPR spin-probing

- Detecting oxidative status (*in vitro/ex vivo/in vivo*)
- We use number of different spin-probes (cell membrane or BBB (im)permeable)

EPR spin-labeling

- Labeling proteins (to investigate conformational changes ...)
- Labeling membranes (cell membranes, liposomes ...)

EPR oximetry

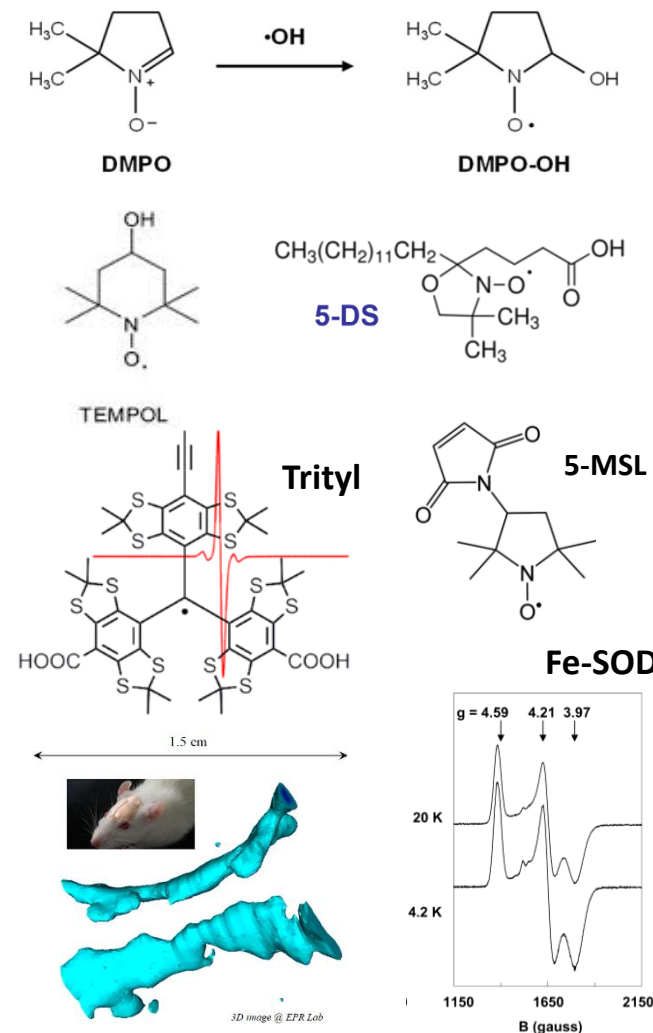
- To detect pO_2 *ex vivo/in vivo* (ischemia, post-radiation de&reoxigenation ...)
- We use specialized spin-probes (LiPC, Trityl ...)

EPR imaging

- 2D/3D/4D spectral-spatial distribution of oxidative status (*in vivo/ex vivo*)
- We use different spin-probes to localize image

EPR of metalloproteins

- Low T measurements (4K-77K) to detect oxidation state, ligands, coordination, intra & intermolecular interactions ...





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EPR in medicine



• Selection of our current projects:

Biomarkers for Gaucher disease patients

- EPR spin-labeling of PBMC and erythrocytes membranes
- Therapy follow up

Investigating mechanisms in ALS & AD model

- Detecting BBB permeability *in vivo*
- EPR of metalloproteins *ex vivo*

Detection of NO[•] in LPS induced septic shock

- NO[•] spin trapping *in vivo* & *ex vivo*
- NO[•] spin-adducts as MRI contrast agents

Spin-labeling of HSA as a biomarker for LABC

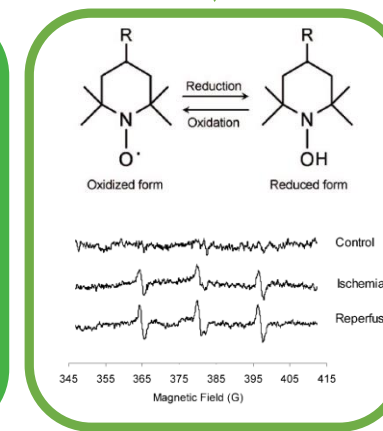
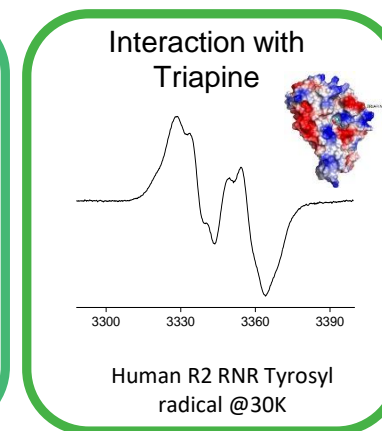
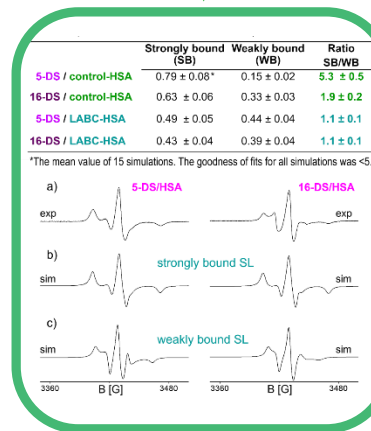
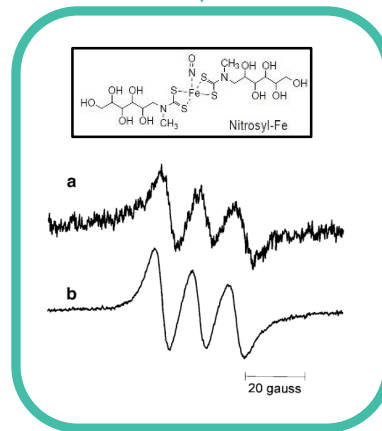
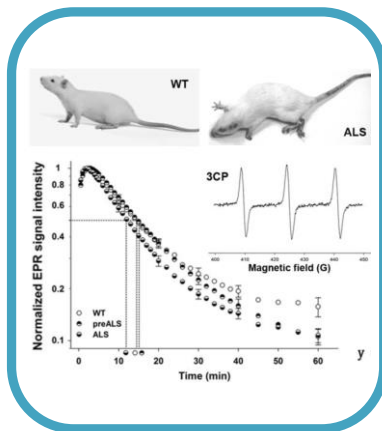
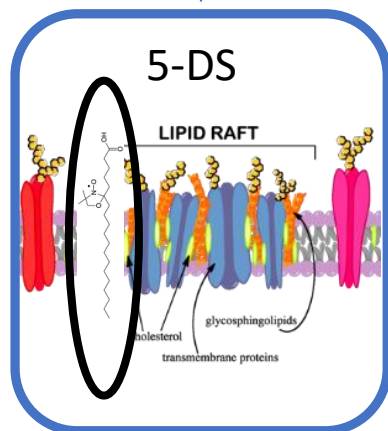
- Using spin-probes
- Calculating SB/WB ratio of EPR spectra components

Testing efficacy of new anticancer drugs

- Ribonucleotide reductase (RNR) - target for anticancer drugs (Tyrosyl radical)

EPR for detecting ROS *in vivo*

- Middle cerebral artery occlusion (MCAO) rat
- ROS generated by cerebral ischemia and reperfusion





EPR in pharmacy



- **Areas of interest where EPR spectroscopy is beneficial:**

EPR in pharmacology

- New smart drug delivery systems
- Antioxidants in cosmetics
- Radioprotectors
- MRI contrasts

Detecting and evaluating degradation

- Photo
- Thermal
- Chemical degradation of APIs

Optimizing stability & shelf-life

- Degradation pathways
- Drug stability
- Antioxidant efficiency

Reaction monitoring

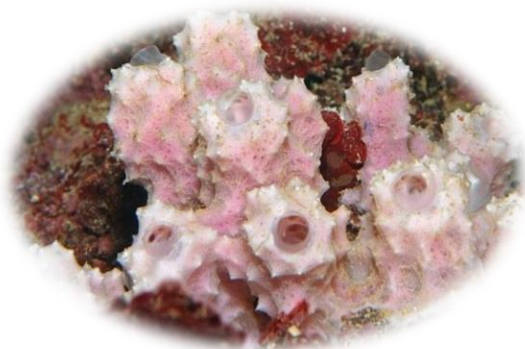
- Yield optimization
- Understand react. mechanisms
- Process optimiz. and reaction monitoring

Sterilization processes

- Drug irradiation
- Degradation
- Structure of radicals
- Optimization of sterilization process

Paramagnetic impurity profiling

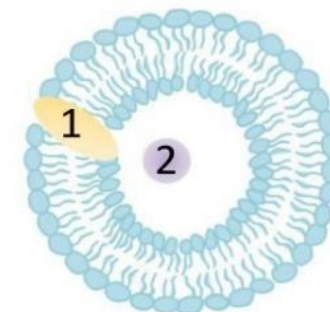
- Detecting impurities
- Traces of transition metals
- Drug degradation



Dysidea avara

What about water-insoluble antioxidants?

- Many most effective antioxidants are water-insoluble.
- How to evaluate the capacity of selected AOX to remove ROS/RNS?
- **BioScope**, using new liposome formulations, recently developed original experimental approach to solve this problem.
- Possibility to evaluate the effectiveness of selected AOX *in vivo*?





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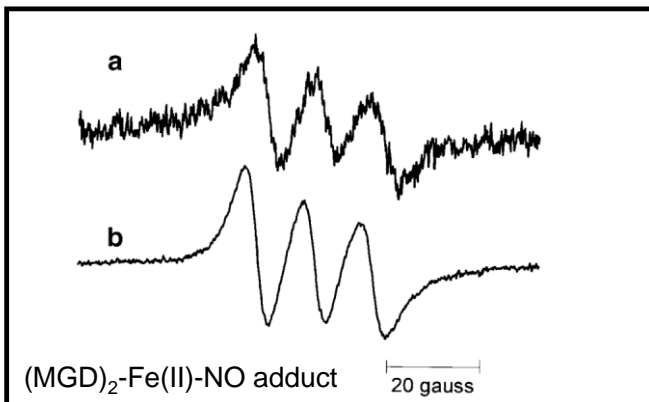


In vivo EPR

(L-band EPR spectroscopy & imaging)

Strategy 1 – trapping radicals *in vivo*

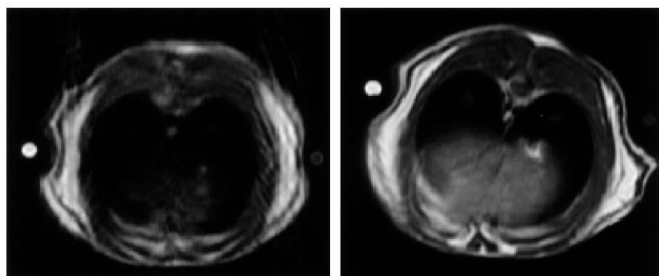
Inflammation - detecting distribution of NO^* *in vivo*, induced by lipopolysaccharide (LPS) septic shock in rat



a: In vivo L-band EPR spectrum of liver area.
b: Ex-vivo X-band EPR spectrum of liver.

Possibility to investigate *in vivo* the effectiveness of selected AOX to remove ROS/RNS

Spin-adducts are also MRI contrasts!



a

0 min

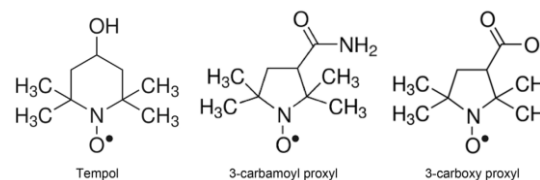
b

60 min

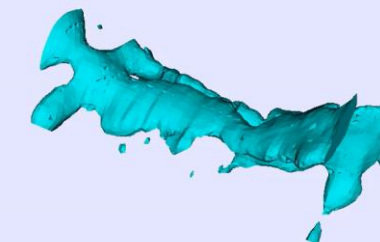
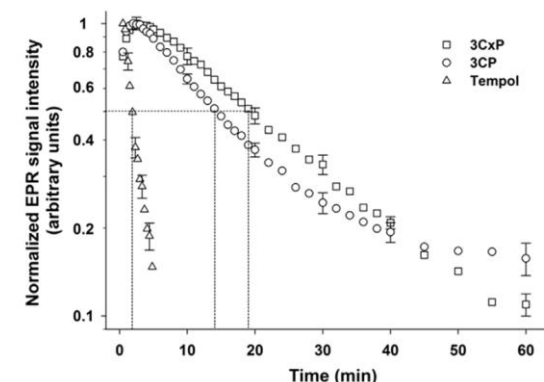
Transverse T1-weighted MR images in the axial plane of the liver area.
a: Control before MGD complex injection;
b: 60 min after the injection of MGD complex.

Strategy 2 – reducing stable radicals *in vivo*

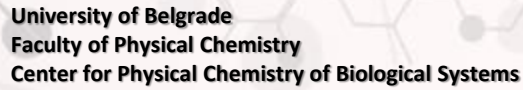
Studying BBB permeability in ALS rat & AD mice model



The same strategy could be used to locate *in vivo* the level of ROS/RNS in specific organs



3D EPR image



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- Some of the projects proposals we are currently working on:**

- **MAGLIDD (Magnetic Glucose Liposome Drug Delivery) project:** To develop smart nanoscale delivery systems with functionalized surface and incorporated nano-magnetic component and selected drug. Specific accumulation at cancer sites allow target drug delivery and theranostics applications.
- **LAANI (Laboratory for Advanced Analysis of NeuroImages) project:** Dedicated to analysis of images obtained using conventional and advanced MRI techniques (3D T1, DTI, fMRI, dynamic contrast-enhanced MRI, etc.). Project strives to develop a multidisciplinary network for investigating various brain disorders and an outcome of disease treatment.
- **For more info please visit our site: www.bioscope.ffh.bg.ac.rs**



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Our team:

Prof. Ana Popović-Bijelić (FFH)

Prof. Marko Daković (FFH)

Aleksandra Pavićević, PhD (FFH)

Bogomir Prokić, PhD (Faculty Vet. Med.)

Igor Petrušić, PhD MD (Clinical Center BG)

Djura Nakarada, MSc (FFH)

Ana Vesković, MSc (FFH)

Djordje Cvjetinović, MSc (FFH)

